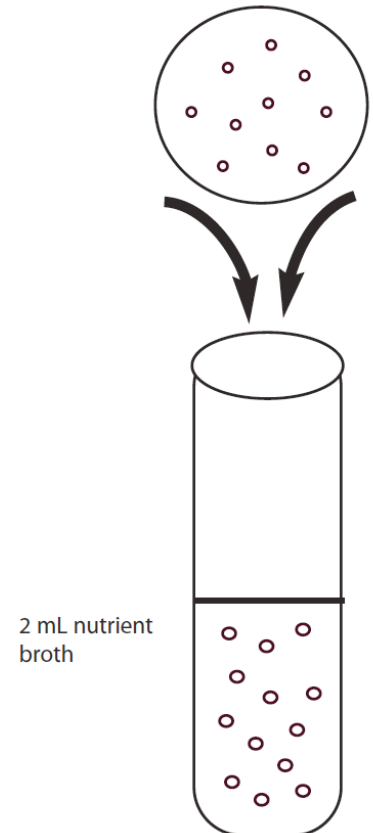


## Purification of Green Fluorescent Protein

### Using Hydrophobic Interaction Chromatography

#### Part I: Fluorescent Cell Culture

1. Use a small micropipette with a sterile tip to pluck a single green fluorescent colony from the surface of an agar plate.
2. Place the tip inside a tube containing 2 ml of Luria broth and eject tip.
3. Cap the tube loosely and place in a 37°C shaking water bath or incubator overnight. DO NOT CAP TIGHTLY! CELLS NEED TO AERATE.

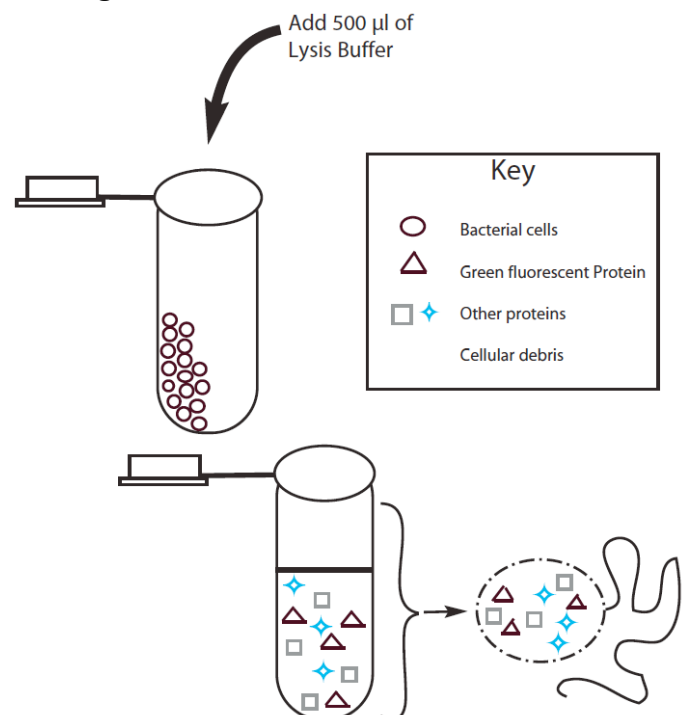


#### Part II: Collect and Lyse Cells

4. Using a marker, place your initials on a clean 1.5 ml tube.
5. Using a large micropipette, transfer 1 ml of the overnight culture into the labeled micro-centrifuge tube.
6. Centrifuge for 5 minutes.
7. Carefully pour off the supernatant until only a green cell pellet remains.

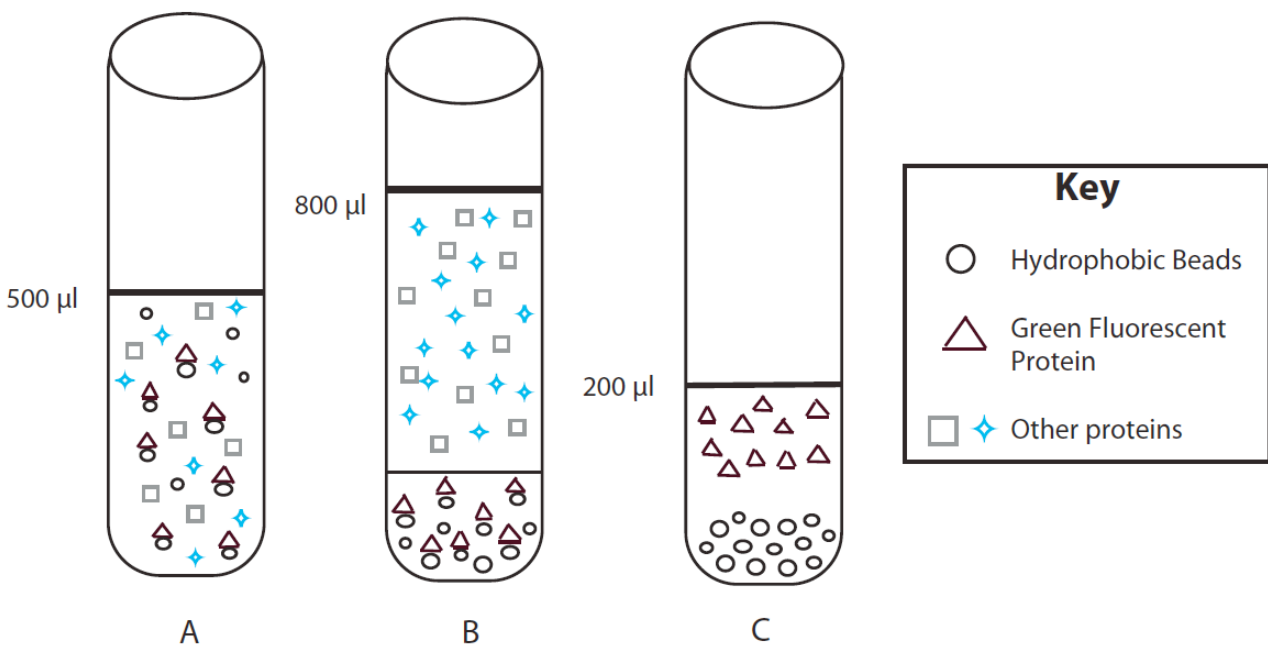
#### Repeat steps #5-7.

8. Add 30 µl of GTE buffer and resuspend the cell pellet.
9. Use a large micropipette to transfer 500 µl of lysis buffer into the same tube. Mix the cells and buffer by pipetting up and down.
10. Incubate tube on ice for 10-15 minutes.



### Part III: Purify the Protein

11. Centrifuge sample for 5 minutes to pellet bacterial debris.
12. Collect 150  $\mu\text{l}$  of the supernatant (the proteins are suspended in the supernatant) and transfer it to a clean 1.5-mL tube.
13. Add 150  $\mu\text{l}$  of binding buffer to the 150  $\mu\text{l}$  of supernatant. Mix tube by inverting several times.
14. Transfer 300  $\mu\text{l}$  of the buffer/supernatant mixture to a tube containing 400  $\mu\text{l}$  of hydrophobic bead resin. Shake tube and centrifuge for 1 minute. (Figure part A)



15. Remove the supernatant using a large micropipette. Be careful not to disturb beads. Add 800  $\mu\text{l}$  of wash buffer to the beads. Shake and centrifuge for 1 minute. (Figure part B)
16. Remove the supernatant using a large micropipette. Be careful not to disturb beads. Add 200  $\mu\text{l}$  of elution buffer to the beads. Shake and centrifuge for 1 minute. (Figure part C)
17. This time the supernatant should contain only the purified Green Fluorescent Protein! Collect this liquid and place it in a clean, clear 1.5-ml tube. Return bead resin to instructor!
18. Place the tube under a UV light to see if your experiment was a success.